SPP Infrastructure, a. s.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AS ADOPTED IN THE EUROPEAN UNION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

AND

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

SPP Infrastructure, a. s.

SEPARATE ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1. Company Profile

SPP Infrastructure, a.s. (hereinafter the "Company") was established by a Deed of Incorporation on the establishment of a private joint-stock company without a call for the subscription of shares on 22 May 2013 by the founder, Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s. The Company was registered in the Business Register on 3 July 2013 (the Business Register of the Bratislava I District Court in Bratislava, Section: s.r.o., File No. 5791/B).

The Company was established as a 100% subsidiary of Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s. (SPP) to reorganise the SPP Group pursuant to the Agreement on the Reorganisation of the SPP Group concluded between the National Property Fund of the Slovak Republic (NPF SR), the Ministry of Economy of the Slovak Republic (ME SR) and Energetický a průmyslový holding, a.s. (EPH) on 14 December 2012. As part of the reorganisation process of the SPP Group, on 14 May 2014, SPP contributed its shares and ownership interests to the Company in the following subsidiaries in the form of an in-kind contribution:

```
SPP – distribúcia, a.s.;
eustream, a.s.;
NAFTA a.s.;
SPP Infrastructure Financing B.V.;
SPP Bohemia a.s.;
SPP Storage, a.s.;
POZAGAS a.s.;
GEOTERM KOŚICE, a.s.;
PROBUGAS a.s.;
SLOVGEOTERM a.s.;
GALANTATERM spol. s r.o.
```

On 4 June 2014, the reorganisation of the SPP Group was completed by SPP purchasing back 49% of its treasury (SPP) shares from the shareholder, Slovak Gas Holding B.V. (SGH), and selling 49% of shares in the Company to SGH. After the completion of the transaction, the Slovak Republic, via the NPF SR and ME SR, became the sole (controlling) shareholder of SPP, which is the energy (gas and electricity) trader and a 51% non-controlling shareholder of the Company, which is a holding company and manages all significant group subsidiaries. SGH, a Dutch company owned by EPH, became the Company's shareholder with a 49% controlling ownership interest.

In March 2017, the Company acquired a 100% ownership interest in Plynárenská metrológia, s.r.o. from a subsidiary, SPP - distribúcia, a.s., for EUR 345 thousand. In December 2017, NAFTA, a.s. increased its existing ownership interest (35%) in POZAGAS a.s. to 65%. POZAGAS a.s. is controlled by SPP Infrastructure, a.s.; therefore, SPP Infrastructure, a.s. recognises the ownership interest in POZAGAS a.s. as investments in subsidiaries as of 1 January 2018.

The following companies were members of the SPP Infrastructure, a.s. Group as at 30 September 2021:

Company

Direct ownership interest of SPP Infrastructure, a.s. in the company

	pay	Direct office on his interest of	011 1111140
-	SPP - distribúcia, a.s.		100%
-	eustream, a.s.		100%
-	NAFTA a.s.		56.15%
-	SPP Infrastructure Financi	ng B.V.	100%
-	SPP Storage, a.s.		100%
-	POZAGAS a.s.		35%
-	GEOTERM KOŠICE, a.s.		95.82%
-	SLOVGEOTERM a.s.		50%
-	GALANTATERM spol. s r.o.		17.5%
-	Plynárenská metrológia, s	.r.o.	100%
_			

The Company has no organisational units abroad.

1.1. Core Business Activities of the Company

During the reporting period ended 30 September 2021, the Company's activities were (a) receiving and granting loans within the current structure of the Company's group, and (b) receiving dividends from subsidiaries (since the in-kind contribution date).

1.2. Company's Bodies as at 30 September 2021

Statutory Body: Board of Directors

Chairman: Ing. František Čupr, MBA (since 30 September 2020)

JUDr. Daniel Křetínský (until 29 September 2020)

Vice-Chairman: Ing. Ľuboš Lopatka, PhD. (since 30 September 2020)

Mgr. Alexander Sako (until 29 September 2020)

Members: Ing. Milan Urban (since 30 September 2020)

JUDr. Marián Valko (until 29 September 2020)

Ing. Miroslav Haško Ing. Jan Stříteský

Supervisory Board

Chairman: Ing. Ingrid Šabíková, PhD. (since 27 March 2021)

Ing. Adriana Bujdáková (until 26 March 2021)

Vice-Chairman: Mgr. Pavel Horský

Members: Ing. Michal Sklienka (since 30 September 2020)

Mgr. Ladislav Nagy (until 29 September 2020) Ing. Dušan Halgaš (since 30 September 2020) Ing. Tomáš Richter (until 29 September 2020)

Jiří Zrůst

MUDr. Dalibor Gergel', PhD. (since 30 September 2020)

Ing. Peter Novák (until 29 September 2020)

An Audit Committee was established at the Company with effect from 20 December 2016 in accordance with Act No. 423/2015 Coll. on Statutory Audit. The members of the Audit Committee as at 30 September 2021 are as follows:

Chairman: Ing. Jakub Šteinfeld Members: Ing. Libor Briška

> Ing. Václav Paleček (since 1 October 2020) Ing. Filip Bělák (until 30 September 2020)

1.3. Shareholder Structure of the Company

g	Share in Registered Capital		
Shareholder	Absolute in EUR	%	
Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s.	1 868 317 262	51%	
Slovak Gas Holding, B.V.	1 795 049 674	49%	
Total	3 663 366 936	100%	

2. R&D

The Company does not carry out R&D activities. These activities are carried out by subsidiaries.

3. Risks and Uncertainties

The Company monitors, evaluates and manages primarily regulation, market, financial, operational, environmental, personnel and media risks and their impact on the financial statements. Thanks to the adopted measures, it constantly reduces the impacts of risks on the Company's operations.

Companies in the SPP Infrastructure, a.s. Group create environmental provisions for the dismantling and recultivation of production and storage wells and storage centres and restoring such sites to their original condition based on previous experience and estimated costs.

4. Selected Financial Information

The Company's reporting period is the period from 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2021.

4.1. Selected Financial Indicators of SPP Infrastructure, a.s. - Separate IFRS (in EUR mil.)

Balance of Assets and Equity/Liabilities – Separate Financial Statements

Item	Current Reporting Period	Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period	
Assets	5 592	6 024	
Non-current assets:	<u>5 113</u>	<u>5 125</u>	
Investments in subsidiaries	5 076	5 076	
Investments in joint ventures	-	-	
Loan receivable	36	48	
Other non-current assets	1	1	
<u>Current assets</u>	<u>479</u>	<u>899</u>	
Receivable from short-term loans	13	13	
Other current assets	460	883	
Cash and cash equivalents	6	3	

Item	Current Reporting Period	Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period
Equity and liabilities	5 592	6 024
Equity:	<u>5 000</u>	<u>5 258</u>
Registered capital	3 663	3 663
Legal and other reserves	733	733
Retained earnings	604	862
Non-current liabilities	<u>104</u>	<u>142</u>
Long-term loans	104	142
<u>Current liabilities</u>	<u>488</u>	<u>624</u>
Trade and other payables	488	624
Short-term loans	-	-

Finance Income (in EUR mil.)

Item	Current Reporting Period	Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period
Finance income, of which:	270	586
Dividends	269	585
Interest on borrowings	1	1

Finance Costs (in EUR mil.)

Item	Current Reporting Period	Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period		
Finance costs, of which:	1	1		
Interest expense	1	1		
Other finance costs	-	-		

Expenses (in EUR thousand)

Item	Current Reporting Period	Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period
Costs of services provided, of which:	246	261
Costs of the auditor, audit company, of which:	46	45
Costs of auditing separate financial statements	21	19
Other assurance audit services	25	26
Other material items of operating expenses, of which:	1 154	1 299
Personnel expenses	1 097	1 232
Taxes and fees	44	52
Consumption of material	13	15

5. Proposal for the Profit Distribution

The profit for the year ended 30 September 2020 amounting to EUR 584 413 510.02 was approved by the Company's General Meeting on 21 December 2020 and allocated for payment of dividends to the shareholders in the amount of EUR 526 308 231.00 and an amount of EUR 58 105 279.02 was reclassified to Retained earnings.

The Company's General Meeting will decide on the distribution of the profit for the reporting period ended 30 September 2021.

6. Significant Events That Occurred After the Reporting Date

As at 2 November 2021, the Company received the third tranche of a long-term loan amounting to EUR 172 million from its subsidiary, SPP - distribúcia, a.s., as offsetting of its payable under cashpooling.

Except for the above event, no significant events occurred after the reporting date that would have a significant impact on the fair presentation of the information stated in these financial statements.

7. Expected Future Development of the Company's Activities

The Company will continue to receive dividends from its subsidiaries, provide loans/deposits to the Company's shareholders, optimise its portfolio of financial investments and analyse potential energy sector investments, which would meet the internal ROI criteria.

For the year ended 30 September 2021, the Company's average headcount was 4 employees, of which 1 executive manager (the year ended 30 September 2020: 4 employees, of which 1 executive manager).

The Company's activities have no environmental impact.

8. Contact Details

SPP Infrastructure, a. s. Mlynské nivy 44/a 825 11 Bratislava



Deloitte Audit s.r.o. Digital Park II, Einsteinova 23 851 01 Bratislava Slovak Republic

Tel: +421 2 582 49 111 deloitteSK@deloitteCE.com www.deloitte.sk

Registered in the Business Register of the District Court Bratislava I Section Sro, File 4444/B Company ID: 31 343 414 VAT ID: SK2020325516

SPP Infrastructure, a. s.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders, Supervisory Board and Board of Directors of SPP Infrastructure, a. s.:

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the separate financial statements of SPP Infrastructure, a. s. (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 September 2021, and the statement of profit and loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the separate financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted in the European Union (EU).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Separate Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the provisions of Act No. 423/2015 Coll. on Statutory Audit and on Amendment to and Supplementation of Act No. 431/2002 Coll. on Accounting, as amended (hereinafter the "Act on Statutory Audit") related to ethical requirements, including the Code of Ethics for Auditors that are relevant to our audit of the separate financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Separate the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in accordance with IFRS as adopted in the EU, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Separate Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance about, inter alia, the planned scope and time schedule of the audit and significant audit findings, including all material deficiencies of internal control identified during our audit.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Report on Information Disclosed in the Annual Report

The statutory body is responsible for information disclosed in the annual report prepared under the requirements of the Act on Accounting No. 431/2002 Coll. as amended (the "Act on Accounting"). Our opinion on the separate financial statements stated above does not apply to other information in the annual report.

In connection with the audit of separate financial statements, our responsibility is to gain an understanding of the information disclosed in the annual report and consider whether such information is materially inconsistent with the separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit of the separate financial statements, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We assessed whether the Company's annual report includes information whose disclosure is required by the Act on Accounting.

Based on procedures performed during the audit of the separate financial statements, in our opinion:

- Information disclosed in the annual report prepared as at 30 September 2021 is consistent with the separate financial statements for the relevant year; and
- The annual report includes information pursuant to the Act on Accounting.

Furthermore, based on our understanding of the Company and its position, obtained in the audit of the separate financial statements, we are required to disclose whether material misstatements were identified in the annual report, which we received prior to the date of issuance of this auditor's report. There are no findings that should be reported in this regard.

Bratislava, 9 November 2021

Ing. Ján Bobocký, FCCA Responsible Auditor Licence UDVA No. 1043

On behalf of Deloitte Audit s.r.o. Licence SKAu No. 014

SPP Infrastructure, a.s. INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

CONTENTS

	Page
Statement of Financial Position	5
Statement of Profit or Loss	6
Statement of Comprehensive Income	7
Statement of Changes in Equity	8
Statement of Cash Flows	9
Notes to the Separate Financial Statements	10

	Note	30 September 2021	30 September 2020
ASSETS:			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investments in subsidiaries Investments in joint ventures Loan receivable Other non-current assets Total non-current assets	6 6 7	5 076 36 1 5 113	5 076
CURRENT ASSETS Other current assets Receivable from short-term loans Cash and cash equivalents Total current assets	8 7 9	460 13 6 479	883 13 3 899
TOTAL ASSETS		5 592	6 024
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
EQUITY L AND RESERVES			
Registered capital Legal and other reserves Retained earnings Total equity	11	3 663 733 604 5 000	3 663 733 862 5 258
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term loans Total non-current liabilities	12	104 104	142 142
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Short-term loans Total current liabilities	10 12	488	624
Total liabilities		592	766
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		5 592	6 024

The financial statements on pages 5 to 23 were signed on 9 November 2021 on behalf of the Board of Directors by:

Ing. František Čupr Chairman of the Board of Directors Ing. Ľuboš Lopatka, PhD Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors

	Note	Year Ended 30 September 2021	Year Ended 30 September 2020
Income on financial investments Interest expense on loans Finance costs Personnel costs Profit before tax	13 12	270 (1) - (1) 268	586 (1) - (1) 584
Income tax NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	14	268	584

SPP Infrastructure, a.s. Statement of Comprehensive Income for the reporting periods ended 30 September 2021 and 30 September 2020 (in mil. EUR)

	Note	Year Ended 30 September 2021	Year Ended 30 September 2020
Net profit for the period			
Other comprehensive income:		268	584
Other net comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		-	-
Total net comprehensive income for the period		268	584

	Registered Capital	Legal Reserve Fund and Other Funds	Retained Earnings	Total
At 30 September 2019	3 663	733	819	5 215
Net profit for the period Dividends paid		<u>-</u>	584 (541)	584 (541)
At 30 September 2020	3 663	733	862	5 258
Net profit for the period Dividends paid/declared	-	- -	268 (526)	268 (526)
At 30 September 2021	3 663	733	604	5 000

	Note	Year Ended 30 September 2021	Year Ended 30 September 2020
Cash flows from operating activities Income tax paid	15	(1)	(1)
Dividends paid *	11	- -	-
Dividends received * Interest paid	13	237	67 -
Net cash flows from operating activities		236	66
Cash flows from investing activities			
Loans provided	7	2	6
Deposits provided to shareholders	8	(430)	(763)
Net cash flows from investing activities		(428)	(757)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Income from/(repayment of) loans	12	-	-
Change in cashpooling * Net cash flows from financing activities		195 195	686 686
-			
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the		3	(5)
period		3	8
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the			
period		6	3

^{*} These items comprise offsets related to dividends received and paid.

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Establishment of the Company

SPP Infrastructure, a.s. (hereinafter the "Company" or "SPPI") was established by a Memorandum of Association on the establishment of a private joint-stock company without a call for the subscription of shares on 22 May 2013 by the founder, Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s. The Company was recorded in the Business Register on 3 July 2013 (the Business Register of the Bratislava I District Court in Bratislava, Section: Sa, Insert No.: 5791/B. The Company is seated at Mlynské nivy 44/a, 825 11 Bratislava.

Pursuant to the Framework Agreement on the Sale and Purchase of Shares dated 19 December 2013 signed by the National Property Fund of the Slovak Republic, the Ministry of Economy of the Slovak Republic and Energetický a průmyslový holding, a.s. (hereinafter "EPH"), and pursuant to the Agreement on the Sale and Purchase of Shares dated 3 June 2014 signed by Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s. (hereinafter "SPP"), Slovak Gas Holding B.V. (hereinafter "SGH"), the Ministry of Economy of the Slovak Republic and SPP Infrastructure, a. s. the reorganisation of the SPP Group was carried out and completed on 3 June 2014. Under the agreement, SPP made an in-kind contribution of ownership interests in SPP – distribúcia, a.s., eustream, a.s., NAFTA a.s., SPP Infrastructure Financing B.V., SPP Bohemia, a.s., SPP Storage, a.s., Pozagas, a.s., GEOTERM Košice, a.s., Probugas, a.s., SLOVGEOTERM, a.s. and GALANTATERM, spol. s r.o. upon the conditions precedent were met. Upon the reorganisation completion, SGH, which also exercised control over SPP as at 4 June 2014, became a 49% owner of SPP Infrastructure, a.s. A 51% non-controlling interest in SPP Infrastructure, a.s. was retained by SPP, whose sole 100% shareholder became the National Property Fund of the Slovak Republic on 4 June 2014.

On 12 November 2015, the National Property Fund of the Slovak Republic (hereainafter "FNM SR") was dissolved under Act No. 375/2015 Coll. with effect from 15 December 2015. On 22 December 2015, the Ministry of Economy of the Slovak Republic (hereinafter the "MH SR"), under the provisions of Article 2 (2) and (3) of Act No. 375/2015 Coll. issued resolution No. 49/2015 on the appointment of a legal successor of the FNM SR, ie MH Manažment, a. s. as at 1 January 2016.

During 2016, the EPH Group of companies was reorganised when the EP Infrastructure, a. s. Group (hereinafter "EPIF") was established; EPIF groups infrastructure assets which are mostly subject to regulation and/or long-term contracts. On 23 March 2016, EPIF, a subsidiary of EPH, acquired a 100% share in EPH Gas Holding B. V., which is a 100% owner of Slovak Gas Holding B. V (through its 100% share in Seattle Holding B. V).

On 30 March 2016, EPIF acquired a 100% share in Czech Gas Holding Investment B.V.

On 24 February 2017, an agreement on the sale of a 31% share in EPIF previously concluded between EPH and the consortium of global institutional investors led and represented by Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets (MIRA) was settled. The remaining 69% share is owned by EPH, which retains management control over EPIF.

As at the reporting date, SPP Infrastructure, a.s. is owned by SPP (51%) and by Slovak Gas Holding B.V. (49%), which also exercises management control over the Company. Consolidated financial statements of the largest group of entities, of which the Company is a member as a consolidated company, are prepared by EP Investment S.à r.l., with its registered office at 39. Avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg.

Identification number (IČO)47 228 709Tax identification number (DIČ)2023820183

The financial statements of SPP Infrastructure, a.s. for the year ended 30 September 2020 were approved by the Annual General Meeting held on 21 December 2020.

1.2. Core Business Activities of the Company According to the Business Register of the Bratislava I District Court

- Purchase of goods for resale to end customers (retail) or to other traders (wholesale);
- Mediation activities in trade;
- Mediation activities in services;
- Mediation activities in production; and
- Activities of business, organisational and economic advisors.

The Company is a holding company owning financial interests in subsidiaries and a joint venture operating in the gas transmission, distribution and storage segment and providing financing activities to its shareholders.

1.3. Employees

The average number of the Company's employees for the year ended 30 September 2021 was 4, of which 1 was an executive manager (for the year ended 30 September 2020 there were 4 employees, of which 1 was an executive manager).

1.4. Company's Bodies

Body	Function	Name
Board of Directors	Chairman Chairman Vice-Chairman Vice-Chairman Member Member Member Member Member	Ing. František Čupr, MBA - since 30 Sep 2020 JUDr. Daniel Křetínský - from 3 Jul 2013 until 29 Sep 2020 Ing. Ľuboš Lopatka, PhD - since 30 Sep 2020 JUDr. Alexander Sako – from 3 Jul 2013 until 29 Sep 2020 Ing. Milan Urban - since 30 Sep 2020 JUDr. Marián Valko - from 8 Oct 2013 until 29 Sep 2020 Ing. Miroslav Haško - since 8 Oct 2013 Mgr. Jan Stříteský - since 29 Mar 2018
Supervisory Board	Chairman Chairman Vice-Chairman Member Member Member Member Member Member Member Member Member	Ing. Ingrid Šábiková, PhD since 27 March 2021 Ing. Adriana Bujdáková - from 13 June 2019 until 26 Mar 2021 Mgr. Pavel Horský - since 3 Jul 2013 Ing. Michal Sklienka - since 30 Sep 2020 Mgr. Ladislav Nagy - from 29 Sep 2018 until 29 Sep 2020 Ing. Dušan Halgaš - since 30 Sep 2020 Ing. Tomáš Richter - from 1 Dec 2015 until 29 Sep 2020 Jiří Zrůst - since 21 Apr 2017 MUDr. Dalibor Gergeľ, PhD - since 30 Sep 2020 Ing. Peter Novák - from 29 Sep 2018 until 29 Sep 2020

1.5. Company's Shareholder Structure

	30 September 20.	21	30 September 2020	
Shareholder	Share in Registered Capital	%	Share in Registered Capital	%
Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s.	1 868	51%	1 868	51%
Slovak Gas Holding, B.V.	1 795	49%	1 795	49%
Total	3 663	100%	3 663	100%

1.6. Company Consolidation

The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of EP Investment S.à r. l., with its registered office at 39. Avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg. The consolidated financial statements of EP Investment S.à r. l. are available at its registered office.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of Preparation for the Financial Statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Article 17a), paragraph 1 of Act No. 431/2002 Coll. on Accounting, as amended (the "Act on Accounting") and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted for use by the European Union ("IFRS") for the twelve-month period ended 30 September 2021. The comparative financial disclosures are presented for the twelve-month period ended 30 September 2020.

The financial statements were prepared under the going-concern assumption.

b) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are business undertakings in which the Company, directly or indirectly, has an interest of usually more than one half of the voting rights, or otherwise has the power to exercise control over operations. Investments in subsidiaries are measured initially at cost which is (1) a consideration paid when a subsidiary is acquired for cash or (2) fair value when a subsidiary is acquired through an in-kind contribution. Subsequently, investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less impairment. According to IAS 36, at each reporting date the Company assesses whether there is any evidence that such investments may be impaired (Note 2 d).

c) Investments in Joint Ventures

Joint ventures are entities in which the Company exercises joint control with other owners. Investments in joint ventures are measured initially at cost which is (1) a consideration paid when a joint venture is acquired for cash or (2) fair value when a joint venture is acquired through an in-kind contribution. Subsequently, investments in joint ventures are measured at cost less impairment. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any evidence that such investments may be impaired (Note 2 d).

d) Impairment of Non-monetary Assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not amortised; they are, however, tested for impairment every year. Assets that are subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. In respect of the impairment of financial investments in subsidiaries or joint ventures, the Company evaluates whether the carrying amount of the investment in its separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets, including associated goodwill; or whether the dividend received exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary, joint venture or associate in the period the dividend is declared. An impairment loss is recognised at the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units) exist. Impaired non-monetary assets, other than goodwill, are reviewed at each reporting date to assess whether or not the impairment can be reversed.

e) Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified in the following categories: Financial assets subsequently measured at amortised cost, financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

The Company only recognises financial assets subsequently measured at amortised cost. Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any impairment, and include trade receivables and borrowings with fixed or variable payments.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for current receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies a simplified model for the assessment and recognition of impairment losses on financial assets under which a provision is recognised in the amount of expected credit losses over the entire useful life of trade receivables at the moment of their initial recognition. Such estimates are revised as at the reporting date.

The carrying amount of a financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets except for trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through a provision account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the provision account. Subsequent recoveries of written-off receivables are credited against the provision account. Changes in the carrying amount of the provision account are recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

f) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities measured at amortised cost and financial liabilities at "fair value through profit or loss" (FVTPL).

The Company only recognises financial liabilities classified in the category "Financial liabilities at amortised cost". Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (including borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities only when the Company's obligations are met, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the consideration paid and the amount payable is recognised in the income statement.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and cash in bank accounts, and highly-liquid securities with insignificant risk of changes in value and original maturities of three months or less from the date of issue.

h) Taxation

Income tax is calculated from the profit/loss before tax recognised under International Financial Reporting Standards and adjusted to profit/loss recognised under accounting procedures valid in the Slovak Republic after reflecting individual items increasing and decreasing the tax base pursuant to Act No. 595/2003 Coll. on Income Tax, as amended, using the valid income tax rate. The income tax rate valid as at 30 September 2021 is 21%.

Current tax is recognised through profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax is calculated, using the liability method, from all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. The Company has not identified any temporary differences relevant to deferred tax recognition.

i) Transactions in Foreign Currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the exchange rates of the European Central Bank (ECB) valid on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the ECB exchange rates valid on the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the income statement.

j) Non-current Assets Held for Sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount can be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is considered fulfilled only when a sale is highly probable and the non-current asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell.

k) Dividend and Interest Income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive a payment has been established (provided that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

SPP Infrastructure, a.s. NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the reporting periods ended 30 September 2021 and 30 September 2020 (in mil. EUR)

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts during the expected economic life of the financial asset to the asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

I) Presentation of Statement of Cash Flows

As the Company is a holding company and its principal activities include financing activities, dividends received, interest received on a loan receivable and interest expense on borrowings obtained are presented as part of operating cash flows.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

When applying the Company's accounting policies, as described in Note 2, the Company has made the following decisions concerning uncertainties and estimates that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. There is a significant risk of material adjustments in future periods relating to the following matters:

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures

The cost of financial investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures has been initially recognised at their estimated fair value (in-kind contributions) determined by an independent appraiser upon the reorganisation of the SPP Group (see Note 1). The recoverable value of eustream, a.s., NAFTA a.s., SPP Storage, s.r.o. and POZAGAS a.s. depends on the overall demand for gas transmission and gas storage services, and on the fulfilment of long-term contracts which make up a significant part of revenues in these companies. The recoverable value of SPP – distribúcia, a.s. depends on the development of the regulatory environment and gas consumption in Slovakia as virtually all revenues are regulated by a distribution tariff, which consists of a fixed part and a variable part depending on the actual volume of gas distributed. The Company monitors the financial performance of its subsidiaries and the joint venture and has not identified any impairment of investments in subsidiaries or joint ventures as at 30 September 2021. The Company has not identified any impairment indicators and, therefore, it was not necessary to perform the impairment testing.

4. NEW INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

Initial application of new amendments to the existing standards effective for the current reporting period

The following new standards, amendments to the existing standards and new interpretation issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the EU are effective for the current reporting period:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" and IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" Definition of Material adopted by the EU on 29 November 2019 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020),
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" Definition of a Business adopted by the EU on 21 April 2020 (effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2020 and to asset acquisitions that occur on or after the beginning of that period),
- Amendments to IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" Interest Rate Benchmark Reform adopted by the EU on 15 January 2020 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020),
- Amendments to IFRS 16 "Leases" Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions adopted by the EU on 9 October 2020 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020, at the latest as from 1 June 2020),
- Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards adopted by the EU on 29 November 2019 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020).

The adoption of these amendments to the existing standards has not led to any material changes in the Company's financial statements.

Standards and amendments to the existing standards issued by the IASB and adopted by the EU but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following amendments to the existing standards were issued by the IASB and adopted by the EU and are not yet effective:

- Amendments to IFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts" Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9 – adopted by the EU on 15 December 2020 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021),
- Amendments to IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures", IFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts" and IFRS 16 "Leases" Interest Rate Benchmark Reform Phase 2 adopted by the EU on 13 January 2021 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021).

The Company has elected not to adopt these new standards and amendments to the existing standards in advance of their effective dates. The Company anticipates that the adoption of these standards and amendments to the existing standards will have no material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

New standards and amendments to the existing standards issued by the IASB but not yet adopted by the EU

At present, IFRS as adopted by the EU do not significantly differ from regulations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) except for the following new standards, amendments to the existing standards and new interpretation, which were not endorsed for use in the EU as at the reporting date (effective dates stated below are for IFRS in full):

- IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and Amendments to IFRS 17 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023),
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023),
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" Disclosure of Accounting Policies (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023),

SPP Infrastructure, a.s. NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the reporting periods ended 30 September 2021 and 30 September 2020 (in mil. EUR)

- Amendments to IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors"
 Definition of Accounting Estimates (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023),
- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" Proceeds before Intended Use (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022),
- Amendments to IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022),
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" Reference to the Conceptual Framework with amendments to IFRS 3 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022),
- Amendments to various standards due to "Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards (2018 2020 Cycle)" resulting from the annual IFRS improvement project (IFRS 1, IFRS 9, IFRS 16 and IAS 41) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording (The amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9 and IAS 41 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The amendment to IFRS 16 only relate to an illustrative example, so no effective date is stated.),
- IFRS 14 "Regulatory Deferral Accounts" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016) the European Commission has decided not to launch the endorsement process of this interim standard and to wait for the final standard.
- Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture and further amendments (effective date deferred indefinitely until the research project on the equity method has been concluded).

The Company anticipates that the adoption of these standards and amendments to the existing standards and interpretations will have no material impact on its financial statements in the period of initial application.

Hedge accounting for a portfolio of financial assets and liabilities whose principles have not been adopted by the EU remains unregulated.

According to the Company's estimates, the application of hedge accounting to a portfolio of financial assets or liabilities pursuant to IAS 39: "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" would not significantly impact the financial statements if applied as at the balance sheet date.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Financial Risk Factors

The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company. The Company is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as all material assets, liabilities and transactions are denominated in EUR. The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk.

(1) Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk is managed by the Company by maintaining appropriate fixed and floating interest rates on provided and received loans. The Company's exposures to interest rate risk of financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in Note 7 and 12.

Sensitivity to changes in floating interest rates is not significant as the Company is only exposed to risks regarding a loan provided to GEOTERM KOŠICE, a.s. in the total amount of EUR 3.7 million as at 30 September 2021 (30 September 2020: EUR 3.4 million) with a floating interest rate of 3M EURIBOR + 1.5%, loan received from NAFTA, a.s. in the total amount of EUR 6.4 million as at 30 September 2021 (30 September 2020: EUR 50.5 million) with a floating interest rate of 3M EURIBOR + 1% and a loan received from SPP – distribúcia, a.s. in the total amount of EUR 97.1 million as at 30 September 2021 (30 September 2020: EUR 91.4 million) with a floating interest rate of 3M EURIBOR + 0.8%.

SPP Infrastructure, a.s. NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the reporting periods ended 30 September 2021 and 30 September 2020 (in mil. EUR)

(2) Credit risk related to receivables

The Company records a receivable from the loan granted to SPP Storage, s.r.o. and GEOTERM KOŠICE, a.s.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet, net of provisions.

(3) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash with reasonable maturity and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit lines, and the ability to close open market positions.

The Company's loans are drawn in EUR with a fixed or floating interest rate. The loans are provided without collateral, using a common market rate.

The table below summarises the maturity of financial liabilities at 30 September 2021 and 30 September 2020 based on contractual undiscounted payments:

At 30 September 2021	On Demand	Less than 3 Months	3 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	> 5 Years	Total
Long-term loans Trade and other payables Short-term loans	- - -	- - -	- 488 -	6 - -	98 - -	104 488 -
At 30 September 2020	On Demand	Less than 3 Months	3 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	> 5 Years	Total
Long-term loans Trade and other payables			- 624	142 -	-	142 624
Short-term loans	_	-	-	-	-	-

b) Capital Risk Management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it is able to continue as a going concern, while maximising the return to shareholders through optimising the debt and equity ratio, and by ensuring a high credit rating and sound capital ratios.

The capital structure of the Company consists of debt, ie loans disclosed in Note 12, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to the owners of the parent company, which comprises the registered capital, legal and other reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in Note 11.

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

	At 30 September 2021	At 30 September 2020
Debt (i)	104	142
Cash and cash equivalents	6	3
Net debt	98	139
Equity	5 000	5 258
Net debt to equity ratio	2.0%	2.6%

⁽i) Debt is defined as long-term and short-term loans.

c) Categories of Financial Instruments

	At 30 September 2021	At 30 September 2020
Financial assets	515	947
Loans and receivables:		
Loan receivables	36	48
Other current assets	460	883
Current loan receivables	13	13
Cash and cash equivalents	6	3
Financial liabilities	592	766
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:		
Long-term loans	104	142
Trade and other payables	488	624
Short-term loans	-	-

6. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES

	Share in	30 September 2021 re in				
Business Name and Seat of the Company in which Non-current Financial Assets are Placed	Registered Capital and in Voting Rights (%)				Profit/(Loss) ncial Assets are	Carrying Amount
Subsidiaries	or the comp	any m w	men non ea	rrene rma	iiciai Assets are	riaceu
eustream, a.s., Votrubova 11/A 821 09 Bratislava	100%	4 649	2 745	505	195	2 793
SPP - distribúcia, a.s., Mlynské nivy 44/825 11 Bratislava (1)	b 100%	4 582	1 553	445	124	1 878
NAFTA a.s., Votrubova 1 821 09 Bratislava	56.15%	373	175	184	99	217
GEOTERM KOŠICE, a.s., Moldavská č. 1 040 11 Košice	95.82%	18	6	-	-	-
SPP Storage, s.r.o., Dolní Bojanovice 89 69617 Dolní Bojanovice, Czech Republic		241	95	33	18	170
SPP Infrastructure Financing B.V., Schip Boulevard 477, C4, 111 8BK Schiphol, Netherlands	phol 100%	507	506	14	-	-
Pozagas a.s., Malé námestie 1, 901 01 Malacky (2)	35%	108	18	34	15	18
Plynárenská metrológia, s. r. o., Mlynsk Nivy 44/b, 825 11 Bratislava <i>(4)</i>	ié 100%	1	-	1	-	-
Other non-current assets						
SLOVGEOTERM a.s., Palisády 39, 811 06 Bratislava (associate)	50%	X	X	X	X	-
GALANTATERM, spol. s r.o., Vodárenská 1608/1, 924 01 Galanta (shares)	17.50%	Х	Х	Х	X	1
Total non-current financial assets	x	х	х	х	х	5 077

Business Name and Seat of the Company in which Non-current Financial Assets are Placed	Share in Registered Capital and in Voting Rights (%)				Profit/(Loss)	Carrying Amount
	or the Comp	any in wi	nicn Non-cu	rrent Final	ncial Assets are	Piacea
Subsidiaries						
eustream, a.s., Votrubova 11/A 821 09 Bratislava	100%	5 119	2 881	798	395	2 793
SPP - distribúcia, a.s., Mlynské nivy 44/l 825 11 Bratislava (1)	100%	4 580	1 677	422	114	1 878
NAFTA a.s., Votrubova 1 821 09 Bratislava	56.15%	477	297	185	74	217
GEOTERM KOŠICE, a.s., Moldavská č. 17 040 11 Košice	95.82%	18	6	-	-	-
SPP Storage, s.r.o., Dolní Bojanovice 89 69617 Dolní Bojanovice, Czech Republic	(3)	232	101	33	19	170
SPP Infrastructure Financing B.V., Schip Boulevard 477, C4, 111 8BK Schiphol, Netherlands	hol 100%	506	505	38	-	-
Pozagas a.s., Malé námestie 1, 901 01 Malacky (2)	35%	112	18	38	12	18
Plynárenská metrológia, s. r. o., Mlynsko	100%	1	_	_	_	_

Χ

Χ

х

Χ

Χ

х

Χ

Χ

x

Χ

Χ

x

1

5 077

30 September 2020

100%

50%

17.50%

X

NOTE: Reporting periods for investments (a 12-month period ended 31 July for eustream, a.s. and SPP - distribúcia, a.s. and a 12-month period ended 31 December for other companies) are different from those applied by the Company. Therefore, balance sheet disclosures on investments are recognised as at the Company's reporting date (as at 30 September 2021 and 30 September 2020). Information on investments stated in the income statement is for the year ended 30 September 2021 and for the year ended 30 September 2020. A portion of non-current tangible assets of eustream, a.s. and SPP - distribúcia, a.s. is recognised at a remeasured value comprising their fair values, which is in compliance with accounting policies of the subsidiaries.

7. **LOANS PROVIDED**

Nivy 44/b, 825 11 Bratislava (4) Other non-current assets SLOVGEOTERM a.s., Palisády 39,

1608/1, 924 01 Galanta (shares) **Total non-current financial assets**

GALANTATERM, spol. s r.o., Vodárenská

811 06 Bratislava (associate)

In December 2014, SPPI provided a loan amounting to EUR 125 million to its subsidiary, SPP Storage, s.r.o., which is payable in instalments of EUR 6.25 million every six months until 15 December 2024. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 2.665%.

Loan instalments totalling EUR 31 million (two instalments in June 2015, two instalments in June 2016 and one instalment in June 2020) were offset against an increase of equity in SPP Storage, s.r.o. Other instalments were paid in accordance with the loan agreement. The remaining instalments are recognised as receivables from long-term and short-term loans based on their maturity (as at 30 September 2021: EUR 32 million including interest as long-term, EUR 13 million including interest as short-term; as at 30 September 2020: EUR 43 million including interest as long-term, EUR 13 million including interest as short-term).

Receivables from long-term loans also include a loan to GEOTERM KOŠICE, a.s. (subsidiary) totalling EUR 3.4 million as at 30 September 2021 (30 September 2020: EUR 3.4 million) with a floating interest rate of 3M EURIBOR + 1.5%.

⁽¹⁾ SPP - distribúcia, a.s. decreased its reserve fund by EUR 100 million in July 2015.

⁽²⁾ Shareholding held by SPP Infrastructure, a. s. (35%) and NAFTA a.s. (65%). NAFTA, a.s. increased its existing share (35%) in POZAGAS a.s. to 65% in December 2017. POZAGAS a.s. is controlled by SPP Infrastructure, a.s.; therefore, SPP Infrastructure, a.s. recognises its share in POZAGAS a.s. as investments in subsidiaries as of 1 January 2018.

⁽³⁾ Disclosures in the financial statements of SPP Storage, s.r.o. prepared under Czech GAAP were converted into EUR using the ECB exchange rate as at the reporting date.

⁽⁴⁾ The Company acquired a 100% share in Plynárenská metrológia, s.r.o. from SPP - distribúcia, a.s., (subsidiary) on 1 March 2017.

SPP Infrastructure, a.s. NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the reporting periods ended 30 September 2021 and 30 September 2020 (in mil. EUR)

Loans provided:

Loans	30 September 2020	Increase in Value	Impair- ment	Transfer of the Loan in the Reporting Period	30 September 2021
Due in more than 3 years Due from 1 to 3 years	45	1	(14)	-	32
inclusive	3	1	-	-	4
Due in up to 1 year inclusive	13	-	-	-	13
Total loans	61	2	(14)	-	49

Loans	30 September 2019	Increase in Value	Impair- ment	Transfer of the Loan in the Reporting Period	30 September 2020
Due in more than 3 years Due from 1 to 3 years	57	2	(14)	-	45
inclusive	3	-	-	-	3
Due in up to 1 year inclusive	13	-	-	-	13
Total loans	73	2	(14)	-	61

There are no non-current financial assets under lien or with a restricted handling by the Company.

8. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Deposits provided to the shareholders are recognised by the Company as other current assets. As at 30 September 2021, the Company had provided deposits in the amount of EUR 243 million: SPP – EUR 124 million and SGH – EUR 119 million. As at 30 September 2020, the Company had provided deposits in the amount of EUR 339 million: SPP – EUR 173 million and SGH – EUR 166 million.

The Company also recognises a receivable of EUR 218 million from unpaid dividends from subsidiaries as other current assets. The Company recognised a receivable of EUR 544 million from unpaid dividends from subsidiaries as at 30 September 2020.

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in bank accounts which the Company can handle freely. The bank account balance is EUR 6 million as at 30 September 2021. The balance recognised as at 30 September 2020 amounted to EUR 3 million.

10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

As payables with a remaining maturity period of up to 1 year, payables from cashpooling to the subsidiaries and other payables are recognised by the Company. As at 30 September 2021, the balance of payables from cashpooling amounted to EUR 488 million. As at 30 September 2020, the balance of payables from cashpooling amounted to EUR 624 million.

The Company has no significant liabilities secured by a pledge or any other form of collateral.

11. EQUITY

In May 2014, SPP, the former parent company, increased the registered capital by an in-kind contribution of financial investments (see Note 1), with a face value of EUR 4 922 783 042 (one share with a face value of EUR 25 000 and 4 922 758 042 ordinary registered shares with a face value of EUR 1). The shares have a certificate form and are not listed on the stock exchange market. The transferability of the shares is not limited. The shares have been duly paid. The registered capital has been fully paid.

The registered capital was decreased on 30 December 2014 by EUR 1 259 416 105 based on the shareholders' decision. As at 30 June 2016, the registered capital consisted of three fully paid shares: two shares owned by SPP (one with a face value of EUR 1 868 292 263 and one with a face value of EUR 25 000), and one share owned by SGH with a face value of EUR 1 795 049 674.

SPP Infrastructure, a.s. NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the reporting periods ended 30 September 2021 and 30 September 2020 (in mil. EUR)

Each year, the reserve fund will be supplemented by 10% of the net profit stated in the ordinary financial statements until it reaches 20% of the registered capital. The reserve fund was supplemented from the 2013 profit and an in-kind contribution in May 2014. The reserve fund reached the maximum amount.

In connection with the previous decrease in the registered capital, the Company decreased the legal reserve fund by EUR 251 883 000 to EUR 732 676 748 in the year ended 30 June 2016. The decision on the decrease of the legal reserve fund was made by the general meeting of shareholders held on 30 November 2015. The decrease of the legal reserve fund was settled by offset against the receivable from deposits provided to shareholders.

Shareholders are entitled to a share in the Company's profit (dividend) based on the general meeting's decision and have voting rights, with each euro (EUR 1) of the face value of shares representing one vote.

Profit distribution:

Type of allotment	Distribution of Profit for the Year Ended 30 September 2020	Distribution of Profit for the Year Ended 30 September 2019	
To cover loss from previous years	-	-	
Dividends	526	541	
Retained earnings	58	66	
Total	584	607	

The profit for the year ended 30 September 2020 was approved by the Company's general meeting on 21 December 2020 and allocated for the payment of dividends to the shareholders in the amount of EUR 526 million. The amount of EUR 58 million was reclassified to retained earnings.

Profit for the year ended 30 September 2019 in the amount of EUR 541 million and retained earnings in the amount of EUR 126 million, approved for the payment in September 2019, were paid to the Company's shareholders as dividends, which were paid by their offsetting against the receivables from the shareholders owing to the provided deposits (see Note 8).

12. RECEIVED LOANS

	Curr.	Interest p. a. in %	Maturity	30 September 2021	30 September 2020
Long-term loans					
Nafta, a.s.	EUR	3M EURIBOR + 1%	25 Nov 2023	6	51
SPP - distribúcia, a.s.	EUR	3M EURIBOR + 0.8%	31 Mar 2027	98	91
Total long-term loans			•	104	142

As at 30 September 2021, the Company recognised a long-term loan amounting to EUR 6,4 million received from the subsidiary, NAFTA, a.s. Interest on the loan is capitalised annually on the anniversary of the loan drawdown; interest falls due on the loan maturity date.

As at 31 March 2020, the Company received the first tranche of a long-term loan amounting to EUR 91 million from its subsidiary, SPP - distribúcia, a.s., as offsetting of its payable under cashpooling. As at 31 October 2021, the Company received the second tranche of a long-term loan amounting to EUR 5 million from its subsidiary, SPP - distribúcia, a.s., as offsetting of its payable under cashpooling. The amount of the credit facility is EUR 350 million. Interest on the loan is capitalised annually on the anniversary of the loan drawdown and interest falls due on the loan maturity date.

13. INCOME ON FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

	Year Ended	Year Ended	
	30 September	30 September	
	2021	2020	
Dividends	269	585	
Interest on loans (Note 7)	1	1	
Total	270	586	

14. TAXES

The reconciliation of theoretical income tax to reported income tax is presented in the following table:

	Year Ended 30 September 2021			Year Ended 30 September 2020		
	Tax Base	Tax	Tax in %	Tax Base	Tax	Tax in %
Profit/loss before taxation, of which: Theoretical tax	268	56	21	584	123	21
Tax non-deductible expenses Revenues exempt from taxation Tax loss carried forward Other Total	(269) - 1	(56) - -	- - -	(586) - 2	(123) -	- - -
Current income tax Deferred income tax Total income tax	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -	- - -

The Company has significant transactions with several subsidiaries, joint ventures, shareholders and other related parties. The tax environment in which the Company operates in Slovakia is dependent on the prevailing tax legislation and practice and has relatively little existing precedent. As the tax authorities are reluctant to provide official interpretations in respect of the tax legislation, there is an inherent risk that the tax authorities may require adjustments to the corporate income tax base with regard to transfer pricing or other reasons. Corporate income tax in Slovakia is levied on each individual legal entity and, as a consequence, there is no concept of Company taxation or relief. The tax authorities in Slovakia have broad powers as regards the interpretation of tax laws, which could result in unexpected results from tax inspections. It is not possible to estimate the potential tax liabilities related to these risks.

15. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	Note	Year Ended 30 September 2021	Year Ended 30 September 2020	
Profit before taxation		268	584	
Adjustments for non-cash transactions: Dividend income Interest charged to expenses Interest charged to income Profit from operating activities prior to a change in working capital	13 12 13	(269) 1 (1)	(585) 1 (1)	
Cash flows from operations	_	(1)	(1)	

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company records no contingent assets or liabilities as at 30 September 2021. (The Company recorded no contingent assets or liabilities as at 30 September 2020).

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Year Ended 30 September 2021				30 September 2021					
	Dividend Income (Note 13)	Interest Income (Notes 7 and 13)	Interest Expense (Note 12)	Loan Receivable (Note 7) and Provided Deposits (Note 8)	Loan Payable (Note 12)	Receivable Owing to Unpaid Dividends (Note 8)	Cash-pooling Payable (Note 10)	Payable from Dividends (Note 10)	
Subsidiaries	269	1	1	49	104	218	488	5.75	
SGH	-	_	77 <u>2</u> 5	119	-	-	-	-	
SPP	-	-	-	124	1920	7.2	-	-	
Year	Ended 30 S	September :	2020		3	0 September 20	20		
	Dividend Income (Note 13)	Interest Income (Notes 7 and 13)	Interest Expense (Note 12)	Loan Receivable (Note 7) and Provided Deposits (Note 8)	Loan Payable (Note 12)	Receivable Owing to Unpaid Dividends (Note 8)	Cash-pooling Payable (Note 10)	Payable from Dividends (Note 10)	
Subsidiaries	585	1	1	61	142	544	624		
SGH	-	-	-	166	-	700000000 17	V.=		
SPP	2	-	12	173	121	-	-		

Company management considers related-party transactions to be transactions made on an arm's length basis.

18. POST-BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

As at 2 November 2021, the Company received the third tranche of a long-term loan amounting to EUR 172 million from its subsidiary, SPP - distribúcia, a.s., as offsetting of its payable under cashpooling.

Except for the event above, there were no such events after the reporting date that would have a significant impact on the fair presentation of the matters disclosed in these financial statements.

Prepared on:

27 October 2021

Signature of a member of the statutory body of the reporting entity or a natural person acting as a reporting entity:

Approved on:

Ing. František Čupr Chairman of the Board of Directors

Ing. Ľuboš Lopatka, PhD Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors